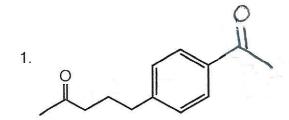
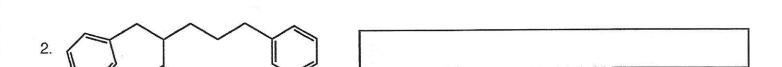
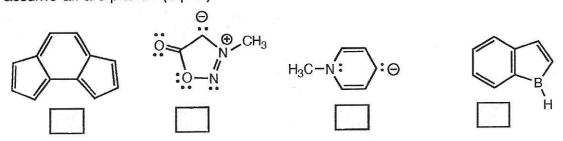
A. Nomenclature: (12 points)
Give an acceptable name for each of the following compounds. Be sure to indicate the stereochemistry where appropriate.



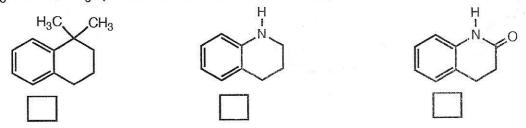


B. Facts: 20 points

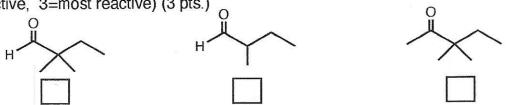
1. Label the molecules below as aromatic(AR), antiaromatic(AA), or nonaromatic(NA). Please assume all are planar. (8 pts.)



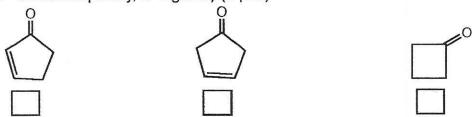
2. Rank the following substituted benzene compounds in order of increasing rate in the reaction with CH<sub>3</sub>Cl and AlCl<sub>3</sub>. (1=slowest rate, 3=fastest rate) (3 pts.)



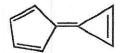
3. Rank the compounds in order of increasing reactivity in a nucleophilic addition reaction. (1= least reactive, 3=most reactive) (3 pts.)



4. Place the following compounds in order of increasing frequency of the C=O stretch in their IR spectra. (1=lowest frequency, 3=highest) (3 pts.)



5. Calicene (shown below) has an unusually large dipole moment. Explain why. Your answer must include a relevant structure. (3 pts.)



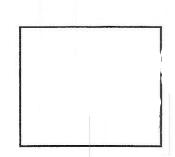
C. Reactions: Total = 36 points, 6 points each

Please provide the reagents or the major product in the answer box. Indicate stereochemistry if applicable. Full credit is awarded only when the product of each step in a multi-step reaction is shown below the reaction.

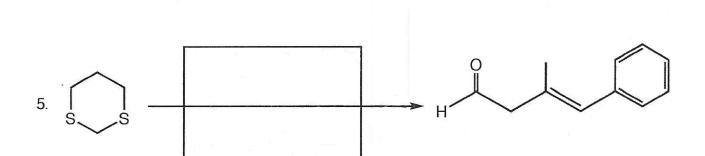
- 1.  $O_2N$
- 1. HNO<sub>3</sub> / H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 2. Na / NH<sub>3</sub> / CH<sub>3</sub>OH

- SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> 2.
- 1. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C-Cl , AlCl<sub>3</sub> 2. Zn(Hg) / HCl 3. Br<sub>2</sub> / FeBr<sub>3</sub>

1. Na<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> / H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> / 100°C 3.  $^{\mathrm{CH_2Li}}$  (2 eq), then  $\mathrm{H_3O^+}$ 3.  $CH_3C = C^-Na^+$ , then  $H_3O^+$ 



- 1. Br<sub>2</sub> / Light
- 2. NaCN / DMSO 3.  $\mathrm{CH_3CH_2MgBr}$ , then  $\mathrm{H_3O^+}$



6. 
$$C-OH$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
0\\
1. SOCl_2\\
2. CH_2 CuLi\\
3. fuming H_2SO_4
\end{array}$$

D. Mechanism: (11 points)

Provide a clear mechanism to explain the formation of the product. Use curved arrows to indicate "electron flow". Show all intermediates and all formal charges. When more than one resonance contributor may be drawn, be sure to draw the most stable contributor.

## E. Synthesis: 11 Points

Synthesize the molecule below using **benzene**, **alcohols of two carbons or less**, any inorganic reagents, and any oxidizing or reducing agents.

F. Spectroscopy: 10 Points

A compound with the formula  $C_{11}H_{14}O_2$  exhibits the IR,<sup>1</sup>H NMR and proton decoupled <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra shown below. Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided

below.

