## A. Nomenclature

Give an acceptable IUPAC name for each of the following compounds Be sure to note stereochemistry where appropriate.
1.


2.


3.



## B. Facts

1. Label the molecules below as aromatic(AR), antiaromatic(AA), or nonaromatic(NA). Please assume all are planar.



$\square$

2. Rank the following substituted benzene compounds in order of increasing reaction rate with $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COCl}$ and $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ (1=slowest, $3=$ fastest)

$\square$

$\square$

$\square$
3. Rank the following compounds in order of increasing reaction rate in a nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction.


$\square$

$\square$
$\square$
4. Rank the following compounds in order of increasing frequency of the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ stretch in its infrared spectrum. (1=lowest, 3=highest)

$\square$
$\square$
$\square$

## C. Reactions

Please provide the reagents or the major products in the answer box. Indicate stereochemistry if applicable. Full credit is awarded only when the product of each step in a multi-step reaction is shown below the reaction.
1.

$\square$
2.

$\square$
3.

$\square$
4.

$\square$
5.



## D. Mechanism:

Provide a clear mechanism to explain the formation of the product. Use curved arrows to indicate "electron flow." Show all intermediates and all formal charges. When more than one resonance contributor may be drawn, be sure to draw the most stable contributor.


## E. Synthesis:

Synthesize the molecule below using any of the following reagents: benzene, alcohols of two carbons or less, any inorganic reagents, and any oxidizing or reducing agents.


## F. Spectroscopy:

A compound with the formula $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}$ exhibits the IR, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra shown below.
Please identify this compound and draw the structure in the box provided below.



